

Financial Results Overview for the Year Ended March 31, 2020

Japan Asia Investment Co., Ltd. (JAIC) (TSE 8518)

Announcement: May 15, 2020

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- ✓ Results for FY2020
 - Operating revenue of ¥2.7 billion (up 11.5% year on year) and final profit of ¥0.3 billion (down, 47.7% year on year).
 - Decline in profits due to a reactionary drop in extraordinary income could not be offset by a decrease in investment write-offs and an increase in profit from project oriented investment.
- Progression status of the medium-term business plan
 - The achievement rate of final profit was 60.5% of the initial forecast; gains on sale of shares were significantly lower than initially anticipated.
 - There has been a structure in which a decline in gains on sale of shares is covered by the sales of
 project oriented investment assets. While we have been promoting the execution of new investment
 projects, the balance and unrealized gain have not increased rapidly.
 - Strategic investment has progressed steadily, achieving the target balance of ¥1.0 billion in the second year of the plan.
- Business policies and result forecasts for FY2021
 - There has been a limited impact of the novel coronavirus pandemic at this stage.
 - Based on the assumption of limited future impact, the targets for operating revenue and final profit are set as ¥3.25 billion yen and ¥0.18 billion, respectively.
 - As for project oriented investment, we will pursue optimal project mix by combining projects subject to short-term sale such as logistics facilities and projects subject to long-term holding including facilities for persons with disabilities and biogas power generation facilities.



Outline of results	P5
Break down of operating revenue & operating cost	P8



(million yen)	FY Mar 2019	FY Mar 2020		FY Mar 2020		Factors	rs contributing changes in to owners of par			-	
	Amount	Amount	Change								
Operating revenue	2,475	1 2,760	11.5%								
Operating cost	1,188	1,401	17.9%			242					
Operating gross profit	1,286	1,359	5.7%		334		(636)				
SG&A expenses	1,109	1,094	(1.3%)		554						
Operating income	177	265	49.6%					(216)			
Ordinary income	83	140	67.9%	578				(216)			
Profit attributable to owners of parent	578	302	(47.7%)						302		
				FI2019 Write-off 8	provision profit fro	n project Funds ma	naged by rd Parties	others	FY2020		

- ✓ Factors for increase in revenues: Increase in the number of sales of mega solar projects (4 projects => 7 projects)
- ✓ Factors for decrease in profit: Decrease of a total of ¥636 million in profit contributions (operating revenues and extraordinary income) from private equity funds operated by other companies



	As of Mar 2019		FY Mar 2020		
	Amount (million yen)	Amount (million yen)	Change	flactuation factors (billion yen)	
Total assets	17,305	15,800	(8.7%)		
(a) Cash and deposits	5,564	3,920	(29.5%)	repayments of loan (1.6)	
(b) Project oriented investment securities & loans	5,514	\ 5,437	(1.4%)	investmet execution + 2.2, distribution \cdot redemption etc. (1.9), sales (0.4)	
Strategic investment securities in partner companies	373	1,005	169.6%	investmet execution	
Private equity investment securities after deducting allowance for possible investment loss except strategic investment in partner companies	4,765	4,282	(10.1%)	investmet execution+0.3, sales etc. (0.7)	
(c) Loans payable	9,784	> 8,166	(16.5%)	repayments of loan (1.6)	
Total shareholders' equity	6,840	7,223	5.6%	profit +0.3	
(a) + (b) - (c)	1,294	\ 1,191	(7.9%)		

- ✓ Cash and deposits : Declined due to the repayment of borrowings
- ✓ Strategic investment: The balance increased as a result of 5 investments
- Financial balance : The balance of project oriented investment decreased owning to distribution, redemption and sales

(Note: Financial balance = Cash & deposits + project oriented investment – loans payable)

2. Results for FY 2020 – Outline of results – C/F



(JPY million)	FY Mar 2019	FY Mar 2020	
Operating CF	299	\ 124	
Investing CF	1,224	\ 147	
Financing CF	(2,173)	1,617)	
Change in Net CF	(675)	(1,358)	
Cash & cash equivalents at end of period	4,082	2,723	

- Operating CF: Net cash provided was 124 million yen
 Payment for purchase of investment funds increased year on year due to the
 implementation of investment
- ✓ Investing CF: Net cash provided was 147 million yen

Proceeds from redemption of investment fund decreased year on year

✓ Financing CF: Net cash used was 1,617 million yen

The extent of negative cash flow improved year on year due to the reduction of the repayment amount to correct the financing policy of placing priority on repayment

While new investment funds and ordinary payments have been covered by the return on investment, cash on-hand has been used for the repayment of borrowings.

2. Results for FY 2020 – Break down of operating revenue & operating cost



	Total		Private equity investment		Project oriented investment		
(JPY million)	FY Mar 2019	FY Mar 2020	FY Mar 2019	FY Mar 2020	FY Mar 2019	FY Mar 2020	
Operating revenue	2,475	2,760	1,474	1,104	1,000	1,656	
Fund management fees etc.	241	199	239	195	1	3	
Proceeds of sales of securities	1,746	2,349	865	806	881	1,542	
Fund interests income etc.	429	172	337	37 🔰	91	84	
Other operating reveue	57	40	31	14	26	25	
Operating cost	1,188	1,401	960	760	228	640	
Cost of securities sold	554	965	325	1 476	228	489	
Investment write-offs and Provision for allowance for possible investment losses	579	245	579	245		-	
Fund interests losses etc.	49	184	49	33	-	150	
Other operating costs	6	5	6	5	-	-	
Operating gross profit	1,286	1,359	514	343	772	1,015	

- Private equity investment; Both revenues and profit decreased.
 - Of operating revenue, fund interests income etc. decreased due to a drop in profit from investment funds managed by other companies.
 - Of operating cost, cost of securities sold increased reflecting a decline in sales of listed shares with higher investment returns and the recording of a loss on sales by prioritizing liquidation of large-scale unlisted shares. Meanwhile, investment write-offs and provision for allowance decreased.
- Project oriented investment; Both revenues and profit increased.
 - Of operating revenues, proceeds of sales increased due to an increase in the number of sales of mega solar projects (4 projects => 7 projects)
 - Of operating cost, fund interests losses etc. increased due to advance expenditure for the vegetable plant.



Outline of medium-term business plan	P10
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3. Progression status of the medium-term business plan – Outline of the plan



Challenges behind the plan

- 1. Revenue structure has been unstable: Most of revenues depends on capital gains from venture investment.
- Financial soundness has not been ensured: Private equity investment assets, whose recoverability is lower, are partially financed through borrowings.
- 3. Sufficient investment funds cannot be secured: Repayments exceeding earnings capacity have been made by prioritizing repayments.

Medium-term business plan (3-year plan from FY2019)

- ✓ Sell majority of existing private equity investment assets within three years in order to ensure profit and funds.
- ✓ Use proceeds of sales for project oriented investment and "strategic investment" combining "investment in corporations" and "investment in projects (businesses)."
- ✓ While promoting asset reshuffles to increase assets with higher liquidity, accumulate unrealized gains of project oriented assets (stable revenues for the future).
- ✓ Select renewable energy, smart agriculture (vegetable plants, etc.) and heathcare (nursing and medical fields) as three business themes.

3. Progression status of the medium-term business plan Priority measures for FY2020 – Private equity



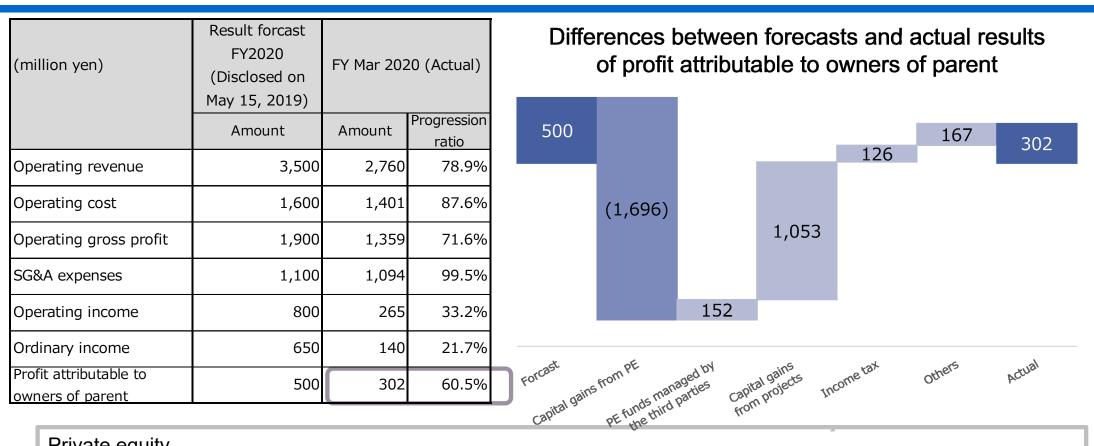
Item	Plan	Progress
Sale of existing portfolio	In addition to achieving sale proceeds from IPOs, liquidize unlisted shares and non-operating assets.	 Shares of Japanese companies that carried out IPOs were sold and a large Chinese investee was liquidated. As gains on sale of shares expected for the fourth quarter will likely decline significantly, the initial results forecast has been revised downward.
Establishme nt of funds	Establish two funds those aim to assist overseas expansion of Japanese companies and foreign direct investment into Japan.	 Solicitation activities were carried out for a fund that supports overseas business expansion of leading SMEs in collaboration with regional financial institutions The establishment of a fund to support foreign direct investment into Japan hasn't been implemented due to difference in the way of thinking between we and investors.
Network, M&A	 Strengthen external networks (in Japan and Asia) and establish a global support structure. Start initiatives in FA business centered around cross-border M&As. 	 Cooperation agreements were signed with China's Xi'an Hi- Tech Industries Development Zone, Yantai Investment Development Board and Wuhan Municipal People's Government respectively. Cooperation agreements were signed with local venture capital and local security company in Bangkok. M&A deals from Asian business partners being introduced to listed Japanese companies using our domestic network and under negotiation.
Investments in partner companies	Create a new bankable (i.e., debt financing from financial institutions is possible) business and carry out strategic investments in partner companies in addition to investing in projects of the business.	 Commenced a construction project for group homes for persons with disabilities; 3 group homes are currently being constructed. Commenced a construction project for distribution centers (logistics facilities) in Japan; executed investment in 2 facilities. Executed investment in 5 companies including partners of the above.

3. Progression status of the medium-term business plan Priority measures for FY2020 – Project oriented investment



Item	Plan	Progress
Renewable energy	Place top priority on mega solar projects but continue aggressive investment in new biogas and biomass projects as well since investment opportunities in high profitability projects have time constraints.	 Investment executed in operator of intermediate processing facility for waste materials to be used as fuel for biogas power plants. Investment executed in 3 new mega solar projects and 1 existing mega solar project with a ¥30-level FIT price.
Smart agriculture	Put the first vegetable factory on track and invest in subsequent projects.	 No.1 plant has been operating steadily by securing a leading food services chain as a customer. However, since the target of achieving single-month profitability by the end of FY2020 failed, we aim to achieve single-month profitability by the end of FY2021. Investment in No. 2 plant is planned after gaining prospects for achieving profitability for No. 1 plant.
Healthcare	Focus on profitability instead of quantity and invest selectively in nursing care facility development projects.	Executed investment in a project for an aged care facility located in Shinonome, Koto-ku, Tokyo.

3. Progression status of the medium-term business plan – Target figures



Private equity

- Proceeds of sales of securities significantly declined compared to the plan due mainly to a drop in prices of stocks with delayed or successful IPOs.
- Only approximately 20% of the plan has been achieved including extraordinary income as a result of proceeds ٠ of sales of investment securities.

Project oriented investment

A loss was forecasted in the plan due to the expenses to be incurred prior to the launch of the vegetable plant. However, as a result the significantly decline in private equity investment, we sold existing mega solar projects.

3. Progression status of the medium-term business plan – Key performance indicator **JAIC**

Strategy	Measures	KPI FY 2019 (Actual)	KPI FY 2020 (Actual)	KPI FY 2021 (Target)
Expand stable	Balance of project oriented investment assets (*1)	5.5 billion yen	5.4 billion yen	9.0 billion yen
revenue from project oriented	Expected cumulative profits from project oriented investment to be long held (*2)	7.0 billion yen	5.8 billion yen	20.0 billion yen
investment assets	Balance between the sum of cash and deposits and project oriented investment assets and borrowings	+1.3 billion yen	+1.1 billion yen	+5.6 billion yen
Replacement of private equity	Promotion of early liquidizing and monetization of assets except strategic investments etc.	Balance of investment 4.7 billion yen (net of provisions)	Balance of investment 4.2 billion yen (net of provisions)	Balance of investment 1.0 billion yen (net of provisions)
investment assets	 Establishment of funds for new investments Implementation of strategic investments 	Balance of investment 0.37 billion yen	Balance of investment 1.0 billion yen	Balance of investment 1.0 billion yen

The decline in gains on sales of shares was covered by selling project oriented investment assets. While we have been promoting the execution of new investment in project oriented investment assets, the balance and unrealized gain have not increased.

✓ There is a delay in liquidizing and monetization of private equity investment assets other than strategic investments.

 Implementation of strategic investments has been progressing steadily, and the targets have been achieved in the second year of the plan.

(*1) Including outstanding loans

(*)2 Estimation of cumulative profits from projects managed by JAIC Group under certain hypotheses



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✓ Focus on early liquidizing and monetization of private equity investment assets

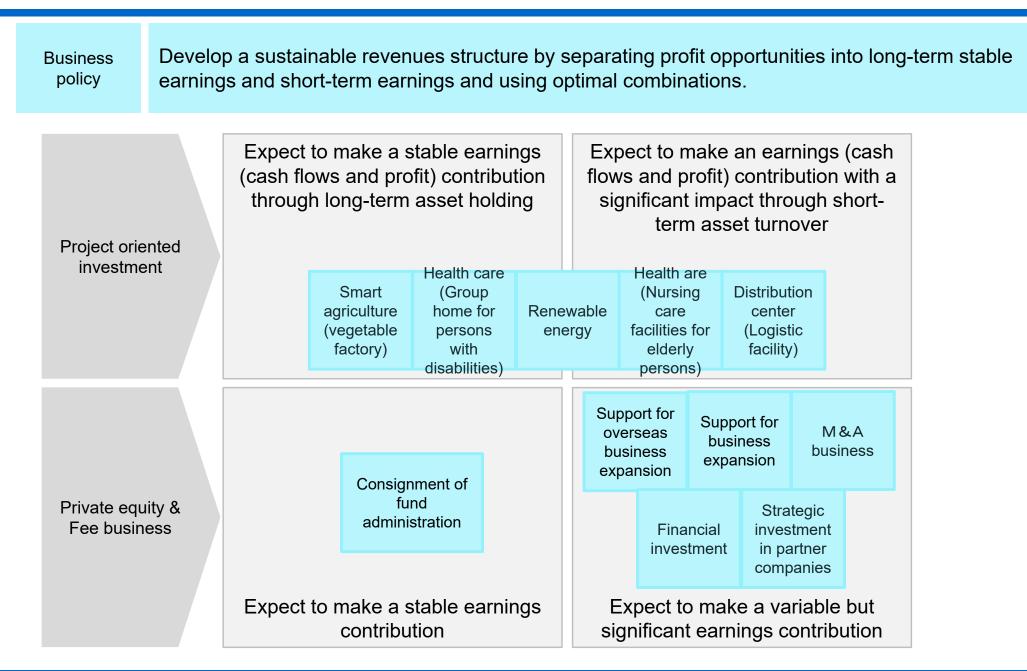
While actual results have been significantly behind the medium-term business plan until the second year of the plan, they remain as significant issues. Relentless efforts must be made in order to increase the progress rate as much as possible.

✓ Sales of projects as a back-up plan

It is difficult to control the fluctuations in the sales of securities because the sales is highly influenced by the stock market and the economic environment. If there is a decline in proceeds of sales of securities in the future, we will partially cover the shortage by selling projects.

Promote project oriented investment subject to short-term sale In order to increase the balance of assets in place of the mega solar projects that have already been sold as early as possible, we will shift of focus of our future investment execution from project oriented investment aimed at acquiring stable earnings from long-term holding to project oriented investment subject to short-term (2-3 years) sale, achieving optimal investment mix for long-term and short-term earnings.







Renewable energy	Execute investment in mega solar projects by carefully examining profitability more than ever
Smart agriculture	Aim to achieve profitability for No. 1 plant by March 31, 2021
	Investment in No. 2 plant is planned after gaining prospects for achieving profitability of No.1 plant
Distribution center	Make actively investment in medium- to large-scale logistics facilities
	Aim for high returns by making investment in projects at early stages
Health care	Support partner companies by continuing investment in facilities for persons with disabilities
	Carefully invest in projects for aged care facilities
Private equity	Establish a fund to support overseas business expansion and link it to a fee business
	Take actions aimed at growth support and early liquidizing and monetization of existing investee companies
M & A	Engage in intermediary services as a financial advisor based on the M&A needs obtained in the process of cultivating promising companies for our investment

4. Business policies and result forecasts for FY2021- Impact of COVID-19



Item	Anticipated risks
Sale of listed shares	Decline in sale prices and postponement of IPOs
Sale of unlisted shares	Difficulty in fund raising by buyers and deteriorating performance of companies targeted for sale
Sale of projects	Difficulty in fund raising by buyers
Evaluation of investee companies	Unrealized losses and provisions arising from deterioration in the financial condition of investee companies
Projects under construction	Suspension of construction
Projects that started electricity sales	Increased output suppression due to reduced power consumption
Smart agriculture projects	Decline in sales to the restaurant industry
JAIC's operating activities	Stagnant new investment and lower return on investment

4. Business policies and result forecasts for FY2021

- Difference from the medium-term business plan



Key goal indicator	FY2021 (Forecast)	FY2021 (Target)	fluctuation
Final profit	0.18 billion yen	0.7 billion yen	(0.52) billion yen
ROE	2.5%	9%	(6.5) %

Strategy	Measures	KPI FY 2020 (Forecast)	KPI FY 2021 (Target)	
Expand stable revenue	Balance of project oriented investment assets	6.1 billion yen	9.0 billion yen	
from project oriented investment assets	Balance between the sum of cash and deposits and project oriented investment assets and borrowings	+2.6 billion yen	+5.6 billion yen	
Replacement of private	Promotion of early liquidizing and monetization of assets except strategic investments etc.	Balance of investment 2.5 billion yen (net of provisions)	Balance of investment 1.0 billion yen (net of provisions)	
equity investment assets	 Establishment of funds for new investments Implementation of strategic investments 	Balance of investment 1.0 billion yen	Balance of investment 1.0 billion yen	

- Breakdown of result forecast



(million yen)	Result forcast FY2021	Result forcast FY2021(2Q)	Breakdown: Proceeds of sales of securities (IPO) 1,350
Operating revenue	3,250	850	
Operating cost	1,800	380	Profits from PE funds managed by third parties 75 Others 25
Operating gross profit	1,450	470	
SG&A expenses	1,100	590	Breakdown: Cost of securities sold (IPO) 370
Operating income	350	(120)	Cost of securities sold (Trade sales)880Investment write-offs & provisions350
Ordinary income	200	(190)	Costs from project oriented investment 100 Loss from PE funds managed by third parties 100
Profit attributable to owners of parent	180	(210)	
ROE	2.5%	-	

- ✓ Operating income: ¥3.25 billion; Profit: ¥0.18 billion
- \checkmark A loss is expected for the first six-month period and the first nine-month period.
- Proceeds of sale of securities are anticipated for 2H due to an IPO in Japan and a trade sale in China; sale of projects is not planned at this stage.

4. Business policies and result forecasts for FY2021- Cautionary statements

JAIC

- ✓ The private equity investment business conducted by the Group will be significantly affected by changing factors such as stock markets, given the characteristics of the business. In addition, it has been difficult to forecast results reasonably in the rapidly changing environment.
- ✓ For the convenience of investors and shareholders, however, we disclose "result forecast consolidated under the Previous Accounting Standard" even though it doesn't have enough rationality.
- The "result forecast consolidated under the Previous Accounting Standard" and any other forward-looking statements in this document are based upon the information currently available to JAIC and certain assumptions. The achievement is not promised. Various factors could cause actual results to differ materially from these result forecasts.



Private equity investment	P24
Project oriented investment	P27



Investment execution : 12 companies, ¥1.2 billion

5 strategic investments in partner companies



Smart Solar Corporation

Business:

Mega solar power generation related business, Smart city related business for public facilities and industrial facilities

Residential solar power generation related business



Morihisa Engineering Co., LTD.

Business:

Development, planning, construction and operation of vegetable factories

Production of high-end vegetables under the brand name "Morvel".



MD-Farm

Business: Development and sales of strawberry cultivation system Agriculture business support consulting services, etc.



KIC Holdings Inc.

Business:

Development of distribution centers (logistics facilities), finance, formulation of management plan, asset management



Social Inclu Co., LTD.

Business:

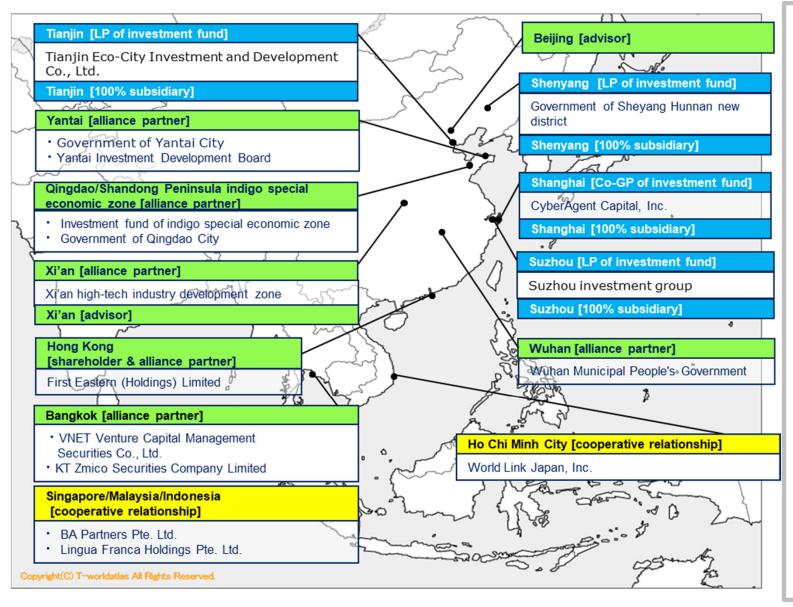
Operating "Social Inclue Home", group homes for persons with disabilities



StemRim Inc.	Powerful and Beautiful PBSystems 株式会社ピー・ビーシステムズ PBSystems, Inc.
Stock market: TSE Mothers (4599) IPO date: 9 August 2019	Stock market: FSE Q-Board (4447) IPO date: 12 September 2019
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Fangdd Network Group Ltd.	Ligua, Inc.
Stock market: NASDAQ Global (DUO) IPO date: 1 November 2019	Stock market: TSE Mothers (7090) IPO date: 13 March 2020

5. Business report - Private equity investment - Asia business network

JAIC



- Asia business network, JAIC's strength, further strengthened.
- To be used for the launch of M&A business and support of investee companies.
- Cooperation agreement signed with China's Xi'an Hi-Tech Industries Development Zone, Yantai Investment Development Board and Wuhan Municipal People's Government, respectively.
- Cooperative agreements signed with local venture capital and local security company in Thailand, respectively.



Investment execution : 10 projects, ¥ 2.15 billion

REN	SET	

Renewable energy

- 4 mega solar projects with a ¥30-level FIT price
- Investment in an operator of an intermediate treatment facility for waste that can be used as law materials for biogas power generation



Smart agriculture Additional investment of the vegetable plant's operation funds



Health care A large-scale aged care facility located in Shinonome, Koto-ku, Tokyo



Distribution center Investments in 2 logistics facility construction projects in Japan



Others A medium-term project investment in income property (commercial building)

In addition to those listed above, a loan was provided to a project on group home for disabled persons.

5. Business report - Project oriented investment – New fund



JAIC-Solar Fund, L.P., II

Fund management	JAIC Capital Partners	JAIC Capital Partners Co., Ltd.(JAIC's 100% subsidiary)		
company				
Fund investors and	General Partner JAIC Capital Partners Co., Ltd.(investment ratio: 0.07%)			
investment ratio	Limited Partners	JAIC(investment ratio:0.07%), other 2 companies(investment ratio:99.85%)		
Fund total	1,359 million yen	1,359 million yen		
Investment target	Mega solar projects in	Mega solar projects in operation		
Date of establishment	March 4, 2020			
Project invested	JAIC Group transferred six mega solar projects (14.2 MW in total) to JAIC-Solar Fund, L.P., II following the execution of investment of the Fund.			









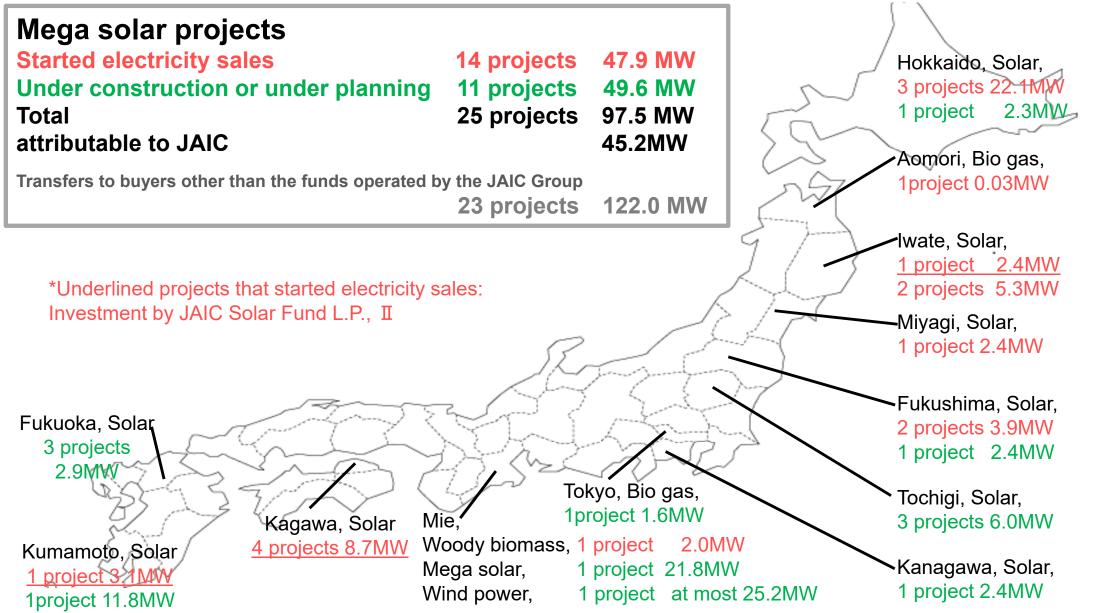




5. Business report - Project oriented investment

- Renewable energy projects as of March 31, 2020

JAIC



* Since our investment ratio differs in each project, the amount of JAIC's investment or revenues from mega solar projects that are attributable to JAIC are not necessarily linked to the MW figure of the project.

5. Business report - Project oriented investment- Health care project (Group home for persons with disabilities)



Commenced 3 projects with Social Inclu, JAIC's partner company





Group home in Hamamatsu City, Shizuoka

- Projects commenced in Hamamatsu City (Shizuoka Prefecture), Utsunomiya City (Tochigi Prefecture) and Hiroshima City (Hiroshima Prefecture).
- By investing in Social Inclu Co., LTD., we support its growth.

(Note) Group home;

In group homes, about 10 to 20 people with physical, intellectual, and mental disabilities live together with the support of the caretakers stationed 24 hours a day. Since the facility is smaller than the existing facilities for persons with disability, it is possible to provide support that meets the needs of each resident. The benefits of moving into group homes include prevention of isolation, reduction of anxiety about life, and stabilization of physical and mental conditions through communal living.

- 5. Business report Project oriented investment
- Distribution center project (logistic facility)



Developing 2 facilities with KIC Holdings, JAIC's partner company

KIC Koshigaya Distribution Center



Rendering

Trendening	
Location	Koshigaya-shi, Saitama
Access	about 6km from TOHOKU Expressway Urawa IC, about 1 km from TOBU SKYTREE Line Oobukuro station
Total floor space	11,250m ² 、4 floors above ground
Completion	Sep. 2021 (scheduled)

KIC Atsugi Distribution Center



Rendering

rtendening	
Location	Atugi-shi, Kanagawa
Access	about 1.46km fro KEN-O Expressway KEN-O Atsugi IC, about 1.8km from JR Sagami Line Ebina station
Total floor space	10,890m (scheduled)、2 floors above ground
Completion	Feb. 2022 (scheduled)

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9. Appendix – List of project oriented investments



Type of project	No.	Name of power plant or Location	Generation Capacity [MW]	Current status	FIT [tax excluded, ¥]	Total amount of project [¥ bn.]
Solar	1	Nishiki-cho, Kuma-gun, Kumamoto(*)	3.1	Started electricity sales in Dec. 2015	40	approx. 1.05
	2	Nomaike solar power plant(*)	2.4	Started electricity sales in May. 2017	36	approx. 0.8
	3	Fukushima Inawashiro solar power plant	1.2	Started electricity sales in Sep. 2017	36	approx. 0.34
	4	Mitakabeike solar power plant(*)	1.5	Started electricity sales in Sep. 2017	32	approx. 0.5
	5	lwate Ichinoseki solar park(*)	2.4	Started electricity sales in Jan. 2018	36	approx. 0.8
	6	Obihiro solar park	4.4	Started electricity sales in Mar. 2018	40	approx. 2.2
	7	Nakaoudaike solar power plant(*)	2.4	Started electricity sales in Apr. 2018	36	approx. 0.86
	8	lchinoseki-shi Yoshitaka solar power plant	2.6	Started electricity sales in Jun. 2018	36	-
	9	Higashioudaike solar power plant(*)	2.4	Started electricity sales in Jul. 2018	36	approx. 0.86
	10	Ichinosekishi Suzugasawa solar power plant	2.7	Started electricity sales in Oct 2018	36	_
	11	Kami solar park	2.4	Started electricity sales in Oct. 2018	36	approx. 0.96
	12	Mombetsu-shi Kodo solar power plant	15.7	Started electricity sales in Feb. 2020	40	approx. 6.6
	13	Yokotsunooka solar power plant	2.0	Started electricity sales in Mar. 2020	36	-
	14	Міе	21.8	Under construction or Under planning	24	_
	15	Fukushima	2.4	Under construction or Under planning	32	_
	16	Hirono solar park	2.7	Started electricity sales in Feb. 2020	40	_
	17	Kumamoto	11.8	Under construction or Under planning	38	_
	18	Hokkaido	2.3	Under construction or Under planning	40	_
	19	Kanagawa	2.4	Under construction or Under planning	32	_
	20-22	Fukuoka (3 projects)	2.9	Under construction or Under planning	36	_
	23	Tochigi	2.0	Under construction or Under planning	36	_
	24	Tochigi	2.0	Under construction or Under planning	32	_
	25	Tochigi	2.0	Under construction or Under planning	32	_
		·	Total 97.5MW [attributa	ble to JAIC 45.2MW]	•	

6. Appendix - List of project oriented investments



Type of project	No.	Location	Generation Capacity [MW]	Current status	FIT [tax excluded, ¥]	Total amount of project [¥ bn.]
Woody biomass		Matsusaka-shi, Mie	2.0	Started electricity sales in Jan. 2018	—	_
Bio gas	1 Tokyo 1.6 Under construction or Under planning		39	_		
				operator of adjoining waste processing plants	-	_
	2	Aomori Touhokumachi solar power plant	0.03	Started electricity sales in Nov. 2018	39	_
Wind power		Mie	At most 25.2	Under construction or Under planning	22	_
Vegetable plant		Tambasasayama-shi, Hyogo	-	Started operation in Mar. 2019	—	Approx. 0.7
Group home	1	Hamamatsu-shi, Shizuoka	-	Under construction	—	_
	2	Utsunomiya-shi, Tochigi	-	Under construction	—	_
	3	Hiroshima-shi, Hiroshima	-	Under construction	—	_
Commercial building		Aichi	_	Opened *investment in building which has already started operation	-	_
Logistics	1	Koshigaya-shi, Saitama	_	Under planning	_	_
warehouse	2	Atsugi-shi, Kanagawa	_	Under planning	—	_

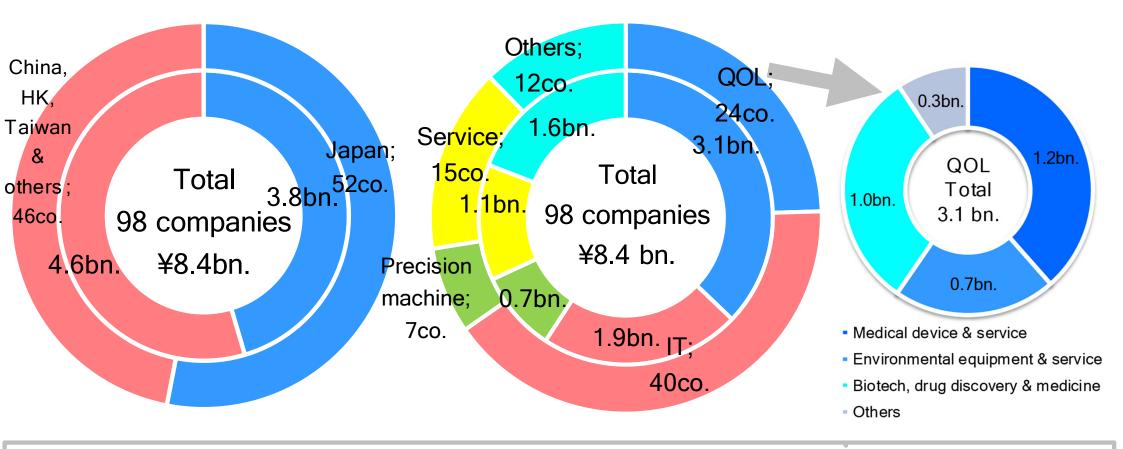
6. Appendix - Break down of private equity investment balance



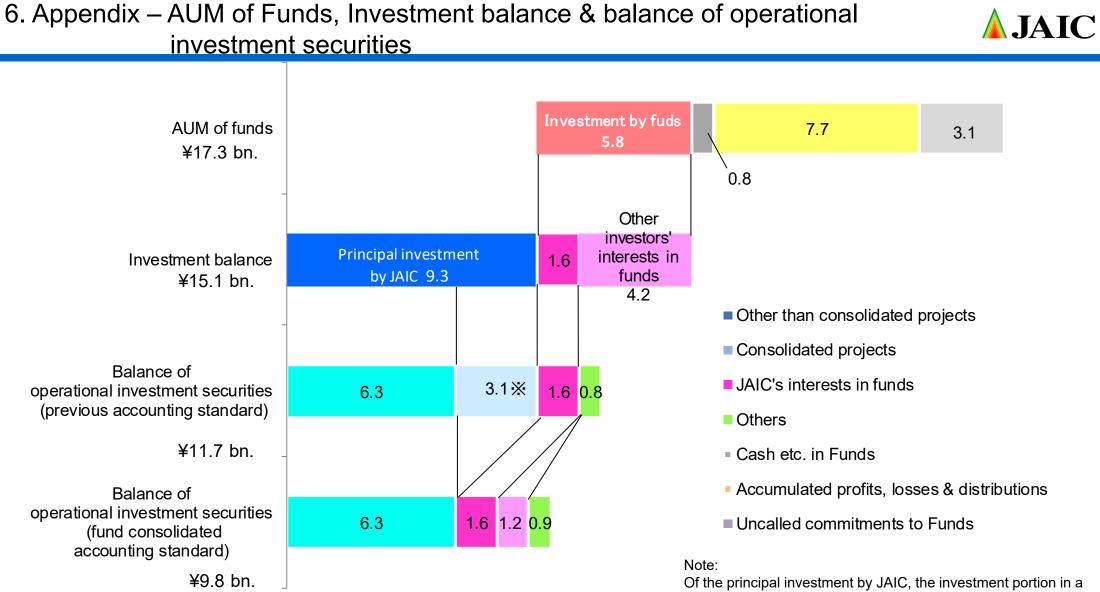
Investment balance: 98 companies, ¥8.4 bn.

[Breakdown by area]

[Breakdown by industry]



Average investment amount per company (unit: ¥ million): Japan 73, China, HK&Taiwan etc. 99 / QOL 130, IT 46



Of the principal investment by JAIC, the investment portion in a consolidated project is deemed investment in a subsidiary under the fund consolidated accounting standards, and the investment is offset.

On the other hand, renewable energy power generation and vegetable plant facilities held by consolidated projects are booked as property, plant and equipment under the fund consolidated accounting standard.



(JPY million)	15/3	16/3	17/3	18/3	19/3	20/3
New & increased funds	-	5,201	500	1,000	2,000	1,359
AUM of funds - total	43,897	39,335	28,753	19,150	16,494	17,390
AUM of funds - JAIC		14,004	9,427	5,867	5,344	5,163
New investnemts (private equity)	1,470	1,304	1,131	1,205	136	1,224
Balance of investments (private Equity)	18,385	15,061	11,981	10,398	8,437	8,405
New investnemts (project oriented investment)	1,257	2,788	3,184	2,681	3,612	2,150
Balance of investments (project oriented investment)	1,337	3,722	4,576	3,582	5,514	6,696

6. Appendix - Business results, financial position (Previous accounting standards)



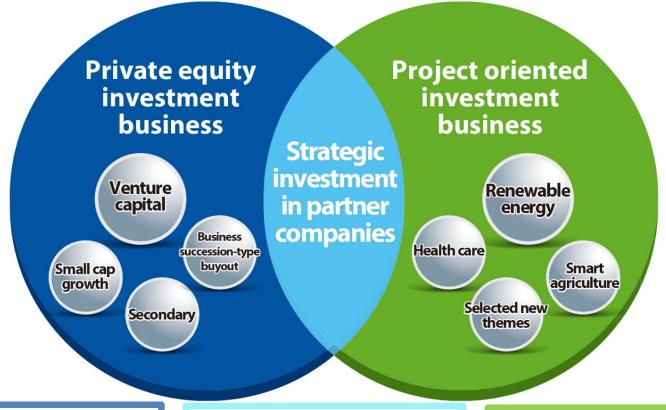
(JPY million)	15/3	16/3	17/3	18/3	19/3	20/3
Business results						
Operating revenues	4,532	4,043	3,926	5,403	2,475	2,760
Operating gross profit	882	1,554	2,176	2,328	1,286	1,359
SG&A expenses	1,433	1,472	1,339	1,311	1,109	1,094
Operating income	(550)	82	836	1,017	177	265
Ordinary income	(610)	612	726	954	83	140
Net income	(850)	597	553	874	578	302
Financial position	-					
Cash and deposits	9,437	8,202	6,213	7,308	5,564	3,920
Operational investment securities and operating	1,337	3,722	4,081	3,582	5,514	5,437
loans of project oriented investment	_,	•// ==	.,	-,	-,	
Operational investment securities of strategic	-	100	100	373	373	1,005
investment in partner companies						_/
Operational investment securities after						
deducting allowance for possible investment loss	10,364	8,126	7,256	5,657	4,765	4,282
(Private equity except strategic investment in		0,	.,		.,,	.,
partner companies)						
Loans payable, bonds & bonds with subscription	20,193	16,910	14,128	11,954	9,784	8,166
rights to shares	20,199	10,910	1,120	11,554	5,704	0,100
Total shareholders' equity	3,373	4,976	5,686	6,545	6,840	7,223
Total assets	24,396	22,680	20,305	19,220	17,305	15,800

6. Appendix - Statement of Income - break down (Previous accounting standard)

	(JPY:million)	15/3	16/3	17/3	18/3	19/3	20/3	Change(%)
1.	Fund management operation							
	Fund management fees and others	571	441	364	277	241	199	(17.6%)
	Success Fees	63	288	101	86	-	-	-
	Operating revenue	634	729	466	364	241	199	(17.6%)
	Operating cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Operating gross profit	634	729	466	364	241	199	(17.6%)
2.	Investment operation							
	Proceeds of sales of securities (A)	3,651	2,954	2,275	3,219	1,746	2,349	34.5%
	Fund interests income etc.	193	345	1,159	1,677	429	172	(60.0%)
	Operating revenue	3,844	3,300	3,434	4,897	2,176	2,521	15.9%
	Cost of securities sold (B)	1,767	1,863	1,423	2,469	554	965	74.3%
	<i>Investment write-offs and Provision for allowance for possible investment losses (C)</i>	1,704	569	274	562	579	245	(57.6%)
	Fund interests losses etc.	168	47	46	36	49	184	274.3%
	Operating cost	3,640	2,481	1,744	3,069	1,182	1,395	18.0%
	Operating gross profit	203	818	1,690	1,827	993	1,125	13.3%
3.	Others							
	Operating revenue	53	13	25	142	57	40	(30.2%)
	Operating cost	9	7	6	5	6	5	(8.0%)
	Operating gross profit	44	5	19	136	51	34	(32.9%)

Tota	1							
	Operating revenues	4,532	4,043	3,926	5,403	2,475	2,760	11.5%
	Operating cost	3,650	2,488	1,750	3,074	1,188	1,401	17.9%
	Operating gross profit	882	1,554	2,176	2,328	1,286	1,359	5.7%





Private equity investment

JAIC provides growth capital in venture companies and small and medium sized enterprise ("SME") with high growth potential, as well as to SMEs with succession problem. After the investment, JAIC is committed to provide various support to achieve growth strategies of the company by utilizing JAIC's resources in Japan and elsewhere in Asia.

Strategic investment

Strategic investment in partner companies that correspond to selected themes of JAIC. JAIC provides "hands-on" support to partner companies to improve its business promotion and financing activities, etc.

Project investment

JAIC has been investing to renewable energy industries represented by solar energy as well as to healthcare industry such as nursing facilities and facilities for persons with disabilities. In addition to above, JAIC

is determined to invest to new areas such as smartagri business represented by vegetable plant and logistic industry such as distribution center where JAIC's accumulated expertise can be leveraged.



Capability to capture up-to-date business information

Through the activity of exploring promising companies and investment opportunities, JAIC has capability to capture highly professional and cuttingedge information on various corporates.

Historical background in Asian region

JAIC

Since its establishment in 1981 by the Japan Association of Corporate Executives (Keizai Doyukai), JAIC has contributed to economic exchange between Japan and Asian countries over 35 years which led to high name recognition.

Wide range of network with venture companies

JAIC has track record of leading more than 300 invested venture companies to "Going Public". Through the long time investment activities, JAIC enjoys close relationship with wide range of venture companies. Based on this intangible asset, JAIC is utilizing the network to create value for invested companies through business matching and cultivating new business theme for JAIC's own.

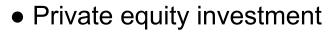
Expertise to structure sophisticated finance scheme

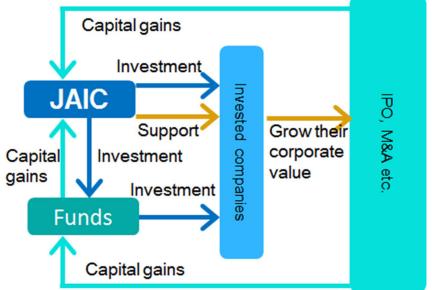
JAIC's accumulated invested volume inside and outside of Japan is Japanese Yen 330 billion.

For the project oriented investment, in addition to providing direct equity investment, JAIC has been arranging various financing scheme utilizing project-finance approach and leverage financing together with financial institutions.

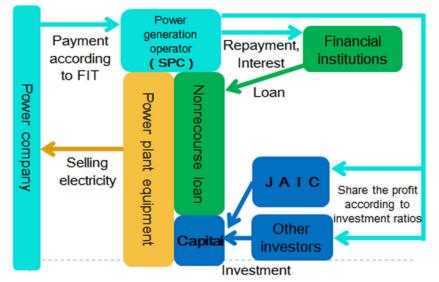
8. Appendix – Profit structure







• Renewable energy project investment



There are the following two types of investment capital:

- Contribution from JAIC's cash reserves
- Capital that is entrusted for investment by fund investors in Japan and abroad through the fund

JAIC also invests in the fund and acquires capital gains according to its investment ratio.

The power generation operator procures funds for the construction of power plants by the following two ways and owns the power plants:

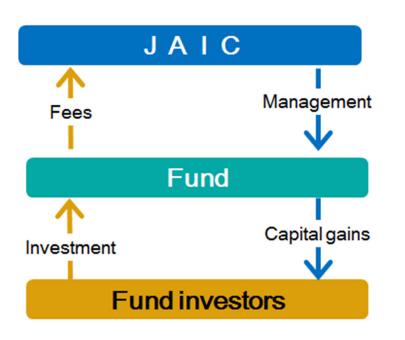
- Investment by JAIC and other investors
- Loans from financial institutions

The generated power is purchased by power companies at FIT.

JAIC and other investors obtain stable revenue from electricity sales according to their investment ratios.



• Fund management



In fund management, there are the following two types of fees:

- Management fee received as compensation for recurring management and operation
- Success fees received according to the fund's performance



Company name	Japan Asia Investment Co., Ltd. Abbreviation; JAIC					
Head office	3-11 Kandanishiki-cho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101-8570, Japan					
Established	July 10, 1981					
Paid-in capital	5,426 million yen					
Listed market	Tokyo Stock Exchange, 1st Section (Securities code 8518)					
Employees	38 (Consolidated) /20 (Non-consolidated)					
Main business	Private equity investment / Project oriented investment					
Directors	Chairman of the Board :Yoshiaki Kawamata [Outside/Independent] President & CEO :Tetsuro Shimomura In charge of New Energy Investment Group :Masafumi Hatta Chairman of Audit & Supervisory Committee :Kazunori Omori Member of Audit & Supervisory Committee :Hitoshi Yasukawa [Outside/Independent] :Tadashi Nunami [Outside/Independent] :Harumi Katagiri [Outside/Independent]					



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